Bills Signed by the President.

Preference in Official Appointments He still clung to the vilest of the vile, Edwin M. Stan-

GENERAL MATTERS.

RELEASE OF SEMMES.

WASHINGTON, April 8, 1866,

The Pirate Semmes was released by order of question called, and a vote be insisted upon. Should nd went directly to Baltimore where he th ago, it had been determined to re-Col. Zulich, Commandent of the Marine Gerp, received an order from the Scoretary of the Navy

unnee of the state, forthwith discharge reception of this state, forthwith discharge references from custody. Very re p c f. ly. Gibkon Welles.

receive many calls from those who have irers of his course for the last five years and the depot, and cheered and waved their handkorchiefs go back on Wednesday; he has bil to-morrow and probably poss it without any amendtheir old allies, the Democratic party, will see that

Senator Wilson will to-morrow report to the Senate Mr. Myers's bill for the reimbursement of

Gov. Morton of Indiana and Gov. Curtin of forge or counterfeit, or cause, or produce to be falsely Penssylvania are now here. It is said the laster has made altered, forged or counterfeited, or willingly aid

was not there, having gone out to dine. This

# JEFF. DAVIS AND CLAY.

generally expected that the President will in a few days release Jeff. Davis and Clement C. for their participation in the conspirace by kept secret, and its existence known to but few persons. Judge Hoit has expressed his opinion, in

one is more surprised at their not being tried than
Judge-Advocate Holt.

REPORTS FROM GEN. BANES.

As Gen. Banks has never submitted a report
of the battle of Cedar Mountain. Va., and the siege of
Port Hudson, the Secretary of War has called upon him
for said reports, which the General is at present engaged
in preparing.

SMUGGLING FROM CANADA.

Reports were yesterday received by the Commissiones of Castows, from a revenue officer stationed.

In any court of the United States having cognizance thereof, be lable to and receive the same purisalment as the laws of the State in which place it is or may be similar for the like offense when committed within the jurisdiction of such State, and no susceptuate repeal of any such State law shall affect any prosecution for such offense in any of the courts of the United States and no susceptual repeal of any such State law shall affect any prosecution for such offense in any of the courts of the United States are any such State law shall affect any prosecution for such offense in any of the courts of the United States.

The President has also approved the bill providing that in case any officer of the Navy or Naval Corps, on board a vessel in the employ of the United States, which, by any casualty, or in action with the enemy, has been or may be sunk, or otherwise destroyed, shall thereby have lost his personal effects, the proper accounting officers are authorized, with the approval of

between Ordensburg and Rouse's Point detailing the sum not exceeding the amount of his sea-pay for one capture of several cargoes of smuggled goods, consisting mostly of liquors, and amounting in value to several

# DEMOCRATIC POLICY.

The Democratic Association met last night and appointed Tom Florence, Mr. Aiken, late counsel for Mrs. Surratt, Mr. Schude, late counsel for Wirz, and Judge Mason a Committee to draft resolutions in-The Democratic Association met last night for Mrs. Surratt, Mr. Schade, late counsel for Wirz, and Judge Mason a Committee to draft resolutions indiestive of their intentions as to the future upon the subject of fusing with other parties upon the common platform of the President's policy. Senator Saulsbury was introduced, and said he was tired of supporting a man who would not help himself. He was a warm personal friend of President Johnson, but he was MADEIRA LABORERS. tired of supporting a man who let the Connecticut State election go against him when he could have prevented it: who gives his offices to men who are his personal enemies; who keeps a Cabinet about him not one of whom is a friend to him, and who has scarcely a member in Congress to support his measures. Let him stand by the Constitution, and I will think of going to work again. Reorganize your old Democratic association and stick to that and you will undoubtedly succeed in time." He believed to-day that a revolution is pending, and President Johnson would have better work for Southern mer Jefferson Davis left the Senate he was a better Union man than Abraham Liucoln. This he would say on the floor in Congress before he got through. This work of Congress amounts to usurpation, and its enactments are not laws. He would say, "stick to your Democratic associations." The Committee on citideare of President Johnson to reconstruct the Union is upheld and borred by the Association. The Association of the Associa solutions here entered the room, and Judge Mason read the resolutions prepared. They provide that the

# New-York Tribunc.

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bany, the female sympathizers and others met them at

The Senate will take up the House finance

ment. A contract has been made with a firm to reopen

On Thursday next the death of Senator Foot will be announced in both Houses. Senators Poland,

Fessenden and Sumner will speak in the Senate, and

The President has approved and signed the

bill more effectually to provide for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States. It provides that if any person, or persons shall folsely make, alter.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 7, 1866.

others in the House.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 9, 1863.

maintained. He thanked God that his State did not finderse the recent action of Congress. It repudiates the doctrine of equal suffings, If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings. If Kentucky was not first the doctrine of equal suffings of the separation of the second of the second

or assist in the false making, attering, forging or constarfacting any bond, bid, proposal, commutee, security, official bond, while record, affidavit or other writing, for the purpose of delranding the United States or shall atter, or sublish as true, or come to be uttered or published as true, any such false, forged, altered or counterteited bond, but or any such false, forged, altered or counterteited bond.

sum not exceeding the amount of his sea-pay for one mouth as consideration for the loss.

The President has also approved the bill providing for the transfer of the custody of the library of the Smithsonian Institution to the library of Congress.

SEMMES RELEASED.

The National Intelligencer says: Capt. Raphael Semmes was released, on his original parole under the Johnston-Sherman Convention, under an order issued by the President vesterday.

VICE CONSUL RECOGNISED.

The President has recognised Nicolas Rafael Ansado as Vice Consul of Ecuador at New York.

PEMALE POST OFFICERS.

One fourth of the persons just appointed to take charge of the 24 post-offices reopened in North Carolina and Virginia are women. Two of the women previously appointed could not take the oath.

MARCHIALLAROBERS.

The Department of State has received a dispatoh from the United States Consul at Funchal, stating that a vast number of poor but howest and hard-working lacorers of Madeira, who are skilled in the raising of cereals, the vine, sugar-came, &c., and in gardening, are desirous of going to the United States, but have not the means for accomplishing that object. He expresses the belief that if one-half of their passage money could be advanced to them by parties in this country, on a countract, under the act to encourage emigration, to be repaid in labor, at least 10,000 of them would be prepared to leave immediately.

APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICES.

The President has just issued the following circular to the heads of Departments in reference to appointments to office:

It is eminently right and proper that the Government of the United States should give extrest and substantial evidence of its just appreciation of the services of the patriotic my who, when the life of the nation was imperied, entered the error and navy to preserve the integrity of the Union, defer the or the previous question would be a matter for the House to the Government, and maintain and perpetuate unimpaired its thoroughly. The previous question, and maintain and perpetuate unimpaired its thoroughly. The previous question, and maintain and perpetuate unimpaired its thoroughly. The previous question would be a diagrace to the House to the Government, and maintain and perpetuate unimpaired its Mr. Willow — That will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — That will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — That will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — That will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — That will be a matter for the previous question, when the life of the nation was imperied its the Government, and maintain and perpetuate unimpaired its matter for the House to Mr. Willow — That will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — The will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — The will be a matter for the House to Mr. Willow — The

Mr. Wilson—That will be a matter for the House to

circular to the heads of Departments in reference to appointments to office:

It is eminently right and proper that the Government of the United States should give earnest and substantial evidence of its just appreciation of the services of the patriotic men who, when the life of the nation was imperied, entered the army and navy to preserve the integrity of the Union, defend the Government, and maintain and perpetuate unimpaired its free institutions.

It is therefore directed:

First. That in appointments to office in the several Executive Departments of the tieneral Government and the various branches of the public service connected with said Departments, preference shall be given to such meritorious ans honorably discharged soldiors and sailors, particularly those who have been dissuited by wounds received or diseases confuncted in the line of duty, as may possess the proper qualifications.

\*\*Recont: That in all promotions in said departments and the seward branches of the public service connected therewith, such persons shall have preference when equally eligible and qualified, over those who have not faithfully and honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States.

\*\*Executive Maneson\*\*, April 7, 1866.

Secretary of War in reply to the resolution of the 4d inst., is reference to officers employed in Quartermaster's Department in Washington, and a riving information respecting the Corcoran Art Buing. Laid on the table. At 4 p. m. the House adjourned.

RICHMOND, Va., April 8, 1866.

# Crop Prospects at the South - Reports from Different States.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, April 6, 1866. An agricultural reporter says the people of he Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi are darting all the cotton they can, but labor is searce, and

CAIRO, Ill. Friday, April 6, 1866. A movement is on foot to establish a bonde warehouse in this city. The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Surveyor of Customs to as-certain if a suitable site can be obtained.

# POLITICAL.

# New-York Town Elections.

LIVINGSTON.

Returns from twelve towns show a Union gain two over last year, ten Republicans and two Demo-

The annual elections in Orleans County last resulted in the choice of seven Union Superisors and two Democrats—a Democratic gain of one. PUTNAM.

In Putnam the Democrats have lost one Supervisor and the Republicans gained one as compared with last year—the new Board standing Republicans 2, Demograts 4. The Republican towns are Phillipstown

Election in Dubnque. The charter election in Dubuque, Iowa, on the 2d inst., resulted in the election of the Democratic ticket by an average majority of 250, against 400 as compared with last year. The fact, together with the choice of three Republican Aldermen out of five, gives our friends in that locality great cause to hope for their success in the future.

In Michigan Town Ricctions.

In Michigan the customary town elections occurred on Monday last, and the Detroit papers are of opinion that party divisions among those who were elected to office will be continued for the ensuing year very much the same as in the year past. The Democrats gain considerably in several localities.

FORTRES MONDO, Friday, April 6, 1866,
The ovster-sloop J. Van Nam, from Norfolk for New-York, was totally lost on the 28th ult, near Orgon Inlet, N. C. All hands saved.

FIRES.

# Tennessee.

Returns from the recent elections in Tennessee show that the Union men have gained three, and perhaps four, members of the Legislature. Williams, of the bolters, from Center County, is returned by so small a majority that it is said he will now go for the franchise law pending before the Legislature. Freeman, one of the ablest of the bolters, is beaten in Haywood County by Nunn, Union. Hood, from Hamilton, will contest the sest of Foster, who was chosen at the recent election. Adair, Copperhead, is beaten in Dyer and Londerdale. Morris, Union, is elected from Cameron County. Hawking County returns a Union man to fill the vacancy occurred by the resignation of Willia, a pestiferous Conservative. In all other cases yet heard from the bolters have succeeded. Returns from the recent elections in Tennesse

AND HER HURRAND ARRESTED FOR THEFT.-Officer O'Brien of the Eighth Precinct on Saturday morning arrested Mary Doerge, better known as "Madame Bell, "keeper of a low concert saloon in the basement of Mo. 522 Broadway, and her husband Gustave, on the compiaint of Joseph Harmanns, an importer, residing at No. 10 Bleecker st. The complainant states that on Friday night he met the husband, Gustave, and in his own man was a man which was a number of places in the Eighth Ward and on Broadway, and at length, the saloon of Madame Bell. Several drinks were taken, and finally on the invitation of the woman and her husband, he accompanied them to their residence, No. 118 Spring.st. On reaching the house he accompanied Madame Bell into a room, and laid his wallet, containing \$75, on a bureau. At the request of the woman he took from his finger a diamond ring, and allowed her to take it to exist the second took from the bureau the wallet, and left the room with it. Soon after he looked at the ring, which he had replaced upon his finger, and found that the stone, valued at \$150, had been taken from it. He therefore caused the accused were taken before Justice Dodge, and by him held for examination. Bell," keeper of a low concert saloon in the basement of

# PRICE FOUR CENTS

PORTLAND. Saturday, April 7, 1856. One hundred guns were fired this alternoon for the Civil Rights bill.

## The Civil Rights Bill-Congress. To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

Sin: At a meeting of the citizens of North Hempstead, L. L. held on the 7th inst., Joseph Post, esq.,

# A Stenmer Ashore Near Carysfort Light Probably one of the New-Orleans

FORTRESS MONROE, Thursday, April 5, 1866 The steamer Eliza Hancock arrived here this mersing from Gaveston, Texas, having touched at Kev West and Charleston, S. C., to obtain a supply of coall. San encountried a hency blow in the Golf, and reports having passed on the 2sth ult. a large propeller reports having passed on the 28th ult. a large propeller ladies. Senator Abust president graded by Gen. Sweeney, Mr. O'ullivin, Major Tascallan and from New-York to New-Oricans, ashore about five p. J. Mehao, of The Irish American. The meeting was males below Carysfert Light, with her foremast gone and the wreekers making toward her. The Hancock were made in aid of the cause.

# Ship Thornton Puts into Fayal - Ship Sandusky Strikes on a Ledge.

pervisor and the Republicans gained one as conspared with last year—the new Board standing Republicans 2, Democrats 4. The Republican towns are Phillipstown and Patterson.

BROOME.

The Union party elect 13 and the Democrats two of the Board of Supervisors, being a Union gain of one (Vestal).

LIVINGSTON.

LIVINGSTON.

LIVINGSTON.

In Livingston the new Board will stand politically: Union, 14; Democrats, 3. The Union mea gain the towns of Avon, Groveland and West Sparta.

# New-Jersey.

TUCKERTON, N. J., Saturday, April 7, 1866, A ship, name unknown, came ashore opposite the Long Beach House here yesterday morning. She lies 200 yards from the beach, off shore.

Ovster Sloop Lost,

# The Hartford Press puts Hawley's majority at 552, and The Courant calls it 549.

St. Louis, Saturday, April 7, 1866.
The steamers Majors, Effie Deans, Nevada, Fannie Ogden, and Frank Bates were burned at the levee this morning. The loss on the boats is about \$225,000, and on cargoes, \$300,000. The Bates belonged to the North American Fur Company, and was heavily laden with supplies for their trading posts. The insurance is not ascertained.

# THE KEEPER OF A LOW CONCERT-SALOON Army Expenses-Customs Receipts-Pinancial.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, April 6, 1866.

Mining stocks are quiet; Ophir, \$745; Savage, \$1,060; Yellow Jacket, \$85; Belcher, \$355; Chollar Potosi, \$390; Crown Point, \$1,400; Empire Mill, \$250; Legal tenders, 784.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, April 7, 1866.

The total army expenditures for the Pacific coast for the past quarter were \$2,817,958. The receipts from customs for the same period were \$2,356,852; from internal revenue, \$59,155,900. Mining stocks are stronger; Ophir, \$752 50; Savage, \$4,060; Hale & Norcross. \$935; Challar, \$387 50; Crown Point, \$1,405; Belcher, \$355; Imperial, \$138. Bullion, \$119. Legal tenders, 784.

Some anxiety is felt at the non-arrival of the steamer Ajax from Honolniu, now six days over due.

About 70 O'Mahony Feniaus arr ved her

# Union-square Hendquarters - Extensive Preparations for the Penian Pair -Lint of Articles, &c.

The "nebulosity of the atmosphere" for the

last few days appears to have as depressing an influ-

ence on Fenianism as on other mandane matters. The

held at Odd Fe lows' Hall, H boken, on Saturday evening. The hall was filled, the audlence including many

# THE METROPOLITAN BOARD OF MEALTH.

# Dumping Masure and Rubbish on the Piers and Docks-Proposed Investigation of Quarantine Mutters.

While Mr. Trull, counsel for Messrs. Brown

asined, of who, from inserted the before described matter or things in any public street or place."

The Board of Health, on Friday afternoon, suspended the operation of its previous order on the same subject, so far as it related to the contractors for cleaning the streets; and the very obliging gentlemen who pay for the removal of the dirt, ashes, garbage, and rubbish of the city out of their private forcunes (ride their letter to the Mayor, published that Tuesday) congratulated themselves that their troubles were now over, and they would be permitted to store manure at the rear of Washington Market and the foot of Gansevoort-street, as heretofore. Elated beyond bounds at the success of his barangue, the counsel appeared before the Superintendent Saturday morning, to acquaint him with the action of the Board. "This is the order under which we now act "was the reply, at the same time presenting a copy of the law which we herewith print, for the benefit of whom it may concern:

"This is the order under which we now act" was the reply, at the same time presenting a copy of the law which we herewith print, for the benefit of whom it may concern:

"An act to prevent the throwing of sahes and other substances in the streets and public piaces of the cities of New-York. Albany, Boffalo and Brooklyn, passed April 4, 1865, three fifth being present.

The people of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do snact as follows:

SECTION! No person or persons shall throw, cast or key any sahes, offal, vegetables, gatage, dross, cinders, shells, straw, shaving, dirt, fifth, or rubbish of any kind whatever, in, any gutter, street, inne. alley, or in any public place in the cities of New York. Albany, Boffalo and Brooklyn.

SEC. 2. The willful violation of any of the previsions of the preceding section shall be and is hereby declared to be a miledemessor, and shall be puishable by a fine of not less than one of not less than one or more than five days.

SEC. 3. This set shall take effect immediately."

The gentleman read the law with amasement, and then (referring to his legal partners) exclaimed involuntarily: "By Jove, we drew that law ourselves, at the request of President Acton!" It is almost needless to say that he retreated in dismay and disgust.

INVESTIGATION OF QUARANTINE MATTERS.

The Committee appointed by the Legislature to investigate Quarantine matters at this port, made their arrangements for an excursion down the Bey, to take place last Saturday. The Board of Health was invited to accompany the Committee and the Quarantine Commission, through Dr. Swinburne, but the day was dreary and drinkling, and the contemplated project was only partially executed. At 12 o'clock, however, the Commission of Guarantine; Henry W. Johnson, esq., Counself for the Commissioners; Dr. D. H. Bissell, Deputy Health Officer; Capt, James O'Rorke, Superintendent of Hoopital ship Falcon; G. W. Blunt and Francis C. Cantine.

A visit was made to the Monitor Miantonomeh, and thence to the Quarant